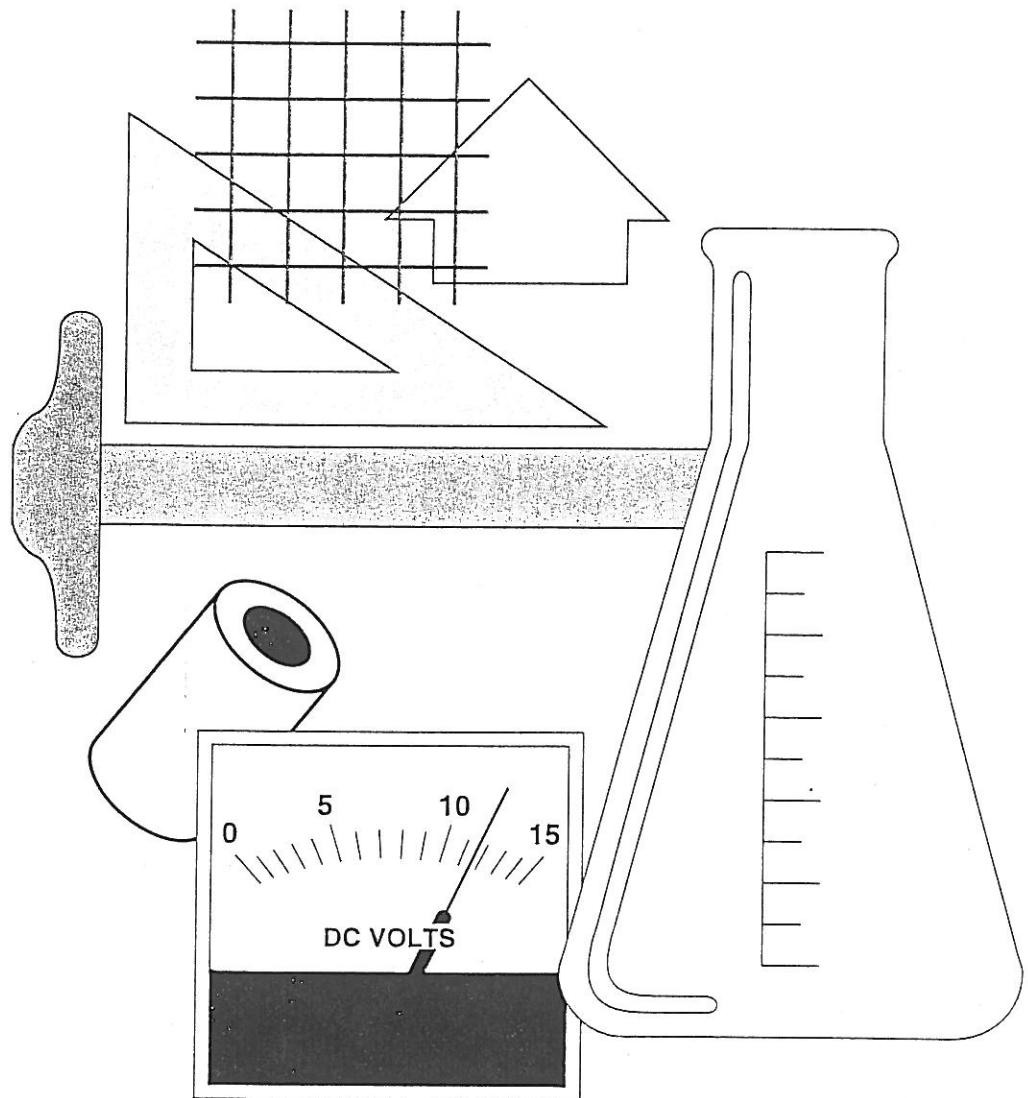




*First choice when  
quality counts.™*

# Technical Data Reference

**For use with  
Industrial  
Fluid Handling  
Equipment**





# Technical Data Reference

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# FLUID FLOW NOMOGRAPH

Fluid flow systems may be analyzed by the use of this fluid flow nomograph in conjunction with the following tables and Graco pump performance curves to give detailed answers on line loss, line size selection, pump selection, air consumption and required air pressures. Refer to page 1-26 for Pressure Drop calculator formula.

Three factors affecting fluid flow are used:

**FLOW RATE—G.P.M.**

**VISCOSITY—C.P.S.**

**"D" FACTOR**

The required factor for standard sizes of smooth I.D. hose, pipe and tubing have been calculated. Specific size used is located on the graph.

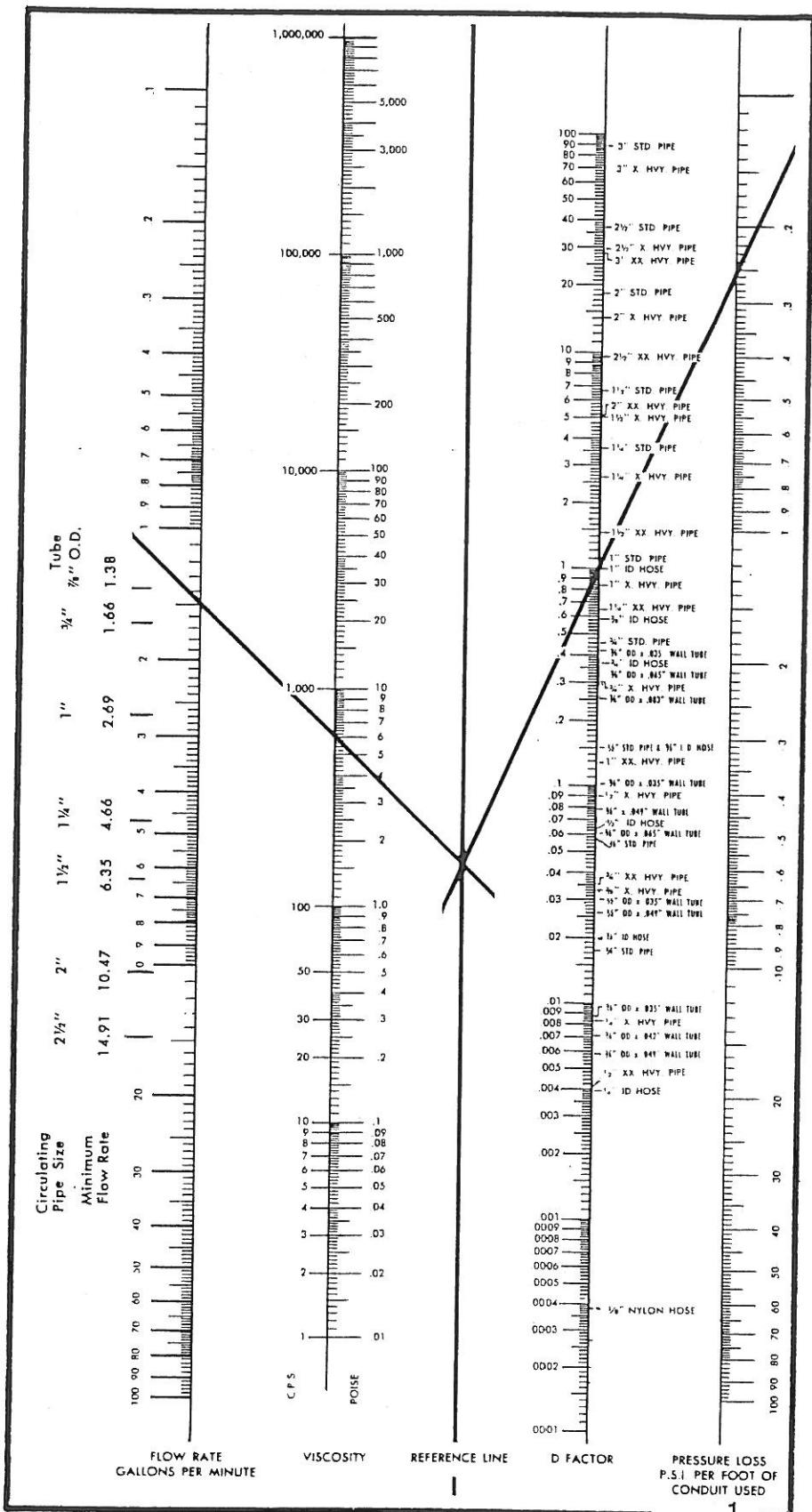
## Directions

- 1 Obtain viscosity in poise or centipoise and locate on viscosity line.
- 2 Draw a line connecting the viscosity and desired flow in gallons per minute and intersect the reference line.
- 3 Draw a line connecting the inside diameter of the type tubing or hose used to the point on the reference line.
- 4 The intersection of the line with the pressure loss line indicates the resultant pressure loss per foot of conduit used in pounds per square inch.

## Example:

Viscosity = 600 Centipoise  
 Deliver = 1.5 GPM  
 Standard Pipe = 1 in.  
 Resultant Pressure Loss = 0.25 PSI per foot

- 5 Multiply the total length of line by the resultant pressure loss per foot to obtain the total pressure loss caused by fluid flow through the conduit.



## FLUID FLOW NOMOGRAPH CONTINUED

### PRESSURE DROP

Calculate pressure drop in pipe or tube length by use of the following formula:

$$P = \frac{0.0273 QVL}{D^4}$$

Where:

- P = Pressure drop in pounds per square inch (PSI)
- Q = Flow rate in gallons per minute (GPM)
- L = Length of pipe in feet
- V = Viscosity of fluid in poise
- D<sup>4</sup> = Tube or pipe factor (4th power of diameter in inches)

### TUBE AND PIPE FACTORS

Tube or Pipe Size (inches)	Factor D <sup>4</sup>
1/4 I.D. Nylon Tube	0.0039
1/4 Schedule 40 Pipe	0.18
3/8 Schedule 40 Pipe	0.059
1/2 Schedule 40 Pipe	0.15
3/4 Schedule 40 Pipe	0.46
1 Schedule 40 Pipe	1.21
1-1/4 Schedule 40 Pipe	3.6
1-1/2 Schedule 40 Pipe	6.65
2 Schedule 40 Pipe	18.3

## PUMP SELECTION

Following the analysis of line flow conditions through the use of the nomograph, and arriving at a total line pressure loss, consideration should then be given to pressure loss created by valves, fittings and elevation of lines.

If a sufficient number of valves and fittings are incorporated in the system to materially affect the total line loss, add to the total line length, the equivalent length of line of each valve or fitting.

### EQUIVALENT RESISTANCE OF VALVES AND FITTINGS

Nominal Pipe Size Inches	Inside Diameter Inches	Equivalent Length of Standard Pipe in Feet							
		Gate Valve	Globe Valve	Angle Valve	45° Elbow	90° Elbow	180° Close Ret.	Tee Thru Run	Tee Thru Branch
1/2	0.622	0.41	18.5	9.3	0.78	1.67	3.71	0.93	3.33
3/4	0.824	0.54	24.5	12.3	1.03	2.21	4.90	1.23	4.41
1	1.049	0.69	31.2	15.6	1.31	2.81	6.25	1.56	5.62
1 1/4	1.380	0.90	41.0	20.5	1.73	3.70	8.22	2.06	7.40
1 1/2	1.610	1.05	48.0	24.0	2.15	4.31	9.59	2.40	8.63
2	2.067	1.35	61.5	30.8	2.59	5.55	12.3	3.08	11.6
2 1/2	2.469	1.62	73.5	36.8	3.09	6.61	14.7	3.68	13.2
3	3.068	2.01	91.5	45.8	3.84	8.23	18.2	4.57	16.4
4	4.026	2.64	120	60.0	5.03	10.8	23.9	6.00	21.6

The pressure loss per foot of conduit, as found on the nomograph, when multiplied by the total line length (actual length and length added for the valves and fittings) will give the pressure loss of the conduit.

Pressure loss due to elevations in the fluid line is accounted for by adding 0.5 psi per foot of vertical rise to the pressure loss calculation.

As specific gravity increases beyond 1.0 psi (water). The pressure loss per foot may also increase.

### MINIMUM FLOW RATES

Circulation of paints and similar materials containing pigments or fillers requires fluid flow velocities high enough to maintain the contained particles in suspension. A velocity of 60 feet per minute has been accepted as a minimum velocity to maintain suspension. For convenience, minimum flow rates for various size conduits have been calculated and tabulated.

Circulating Line Size	Minimum Flow Rate
1/4" std. pipe	0.325 gpm
3/8" std. pipe	0.595 gpm
5/8" O.D. x .035" wall tube	0.75 gpm
1/2" std. pipe	0.95 gpm
7/8" O.D. x .035" wall tube	1.58 gpm
3/4" std. pipe	1.66 gpm
1" O.D. x .035" wall tube	2.12 gpm
1" std. pipe	2.69 gpm
1 1/4" std. pipe	4.66 gpm
1 1/2" std. pipe	6.35 gpm
2" std. pipe	10.5 gpm

To calculate minimum flow rates for other conduit sizes:  
Flow rate (GPM) = 3.11 x Inside Area, In.<sup>2</sup>.



## APPROXIMATE VISCOSITIES OF COMMON LIQUID AND SEMI-SOLID MATERIALS

Common Liquid and Semi-Solid Materials  
(Centipoise Viscosity at 70°)

Viscosity  
In Centipoise

ACETONE .....	.3
ADIPRENE (URETHANE) .....	35,000
BENZINE .....	.5
CORN SYRUP .....	110,000
ETHYLENE GLYCOL .....	16
GLUE (HOT MELT) .....	30,000,000
HONEY .....	3,000
INK .....	45,000
KETCHUP (HEINZ BRAND) .....	*50,000
LACQUER .....	1,100-250
LINSEED OIL (BOILED) .....	64
LINSEED OIL (RAW) .....	28
METHYL ETHYL KETONE .....	.4
MILK .....	3
MUSTARD (FRENCH'S BRAND) .....	*70,000
OIL (AUTO—LUBRICATING)	
SAE 10 .....	65
SAE 20 .....	125
SAE 30 .....	200
SAE 40 .....	319
SAE 50 .....	540
SAE 60 .....	1,000
SAE 70 .....	1,600
SAE 80 (Transmission Grades) .....	240
SAE 90 (Transmission Grades) .....	590
SAE 140 (Transmission Grades) .....	2,200
OIL—CASTOR .....	1,000-240
OIL—CORE .....	29
OIL—CORN (MAZOLA BRAND) .....	72
OIL CRUDE .....	15
OIL SOYBEAN .....	160
PEANUT BUTTER (SKIPPY BRAND) .....	*250,000
SALAD DRESSING (MIRACLE WHIP BRAND) .....	*250,000
SHORTENING (CRISCO BRAND) .....	*1,200,000
SULPHURIC ACID (100%) .....	.2
SYRUP (KARO BRAND—DARK) .....	3,200
SYRUP (KARO BRAND—LIGHT) .....	2,500
SYRUP (LOG CABIN BRAND—MAPLE) .....	144
TOLUOL .....	.6
TOMATO PASTE .....	*190,000
TURPENTINE .....	1
VARNISH (SPAR) .....	420
VASELINE PETROLEUM JELLY .....	64,000
WATER .....	1
XYLOL .....	.6





## TABLE ON pH VALUES

### pH VALUES

The acidity or alkalinity of a solution is expressed by its pH value. A neutral solution such as water has a pH value of 7.0. Decreasing pH values from 7.0 to 0.0 indicate increasing acidity and increasing pH values from 7.0 to 14.0 indicate increasing alkalinity. Since the pH value denotes the acidity or alkalinity of a liquid, it gives some indication of the materials required in constructing a pump to handle the liquid. The pH value alone, however, is not conclusive. Many other factors must be considered. However, as an approximate guide, Table A may be found helpful.

TABLE A

pH Value	Material of Construction
0 to 4	Corrosion Resistant Alloy Steels.
4 to 6	All Bronze.
6 to 8	Bronze Fitted or Standard Fitted.
8 to 10	All Iron.
10 to 14	Corrosion Resistant Alloys.

The following tables give approximate pH values. From "Modern pH and Chlorine Control", W.A. Taylor & Co., by permission.

### TABLE OF APPROXIMATE pH VALUES.

#### ACIDS

Hydrochloric, N .....	0.1	Formic, 0.1N .....	2.3
Hydrochloric, 0.1N .....	1.1	Lactic, 0.1N .....	2.4
Hydrochloric, 0.01N .....	2.0	Acetic, N .....	2.4
Sulfuric, N .....	0.3	Acetic, 0.1N .....	2.9
Sulfuric, 0.1N .....	1.2	Acetic, 0.01N .....	3.4
Sulfuric, 0.01N .....	2.1	Benzoic, 0.01N .....	3.1
Orthophosphoric, 0.1N .....	1.5	Alum, 0.1N .....	3.2
Sulfurous, 0.1N .....	1.5	Carbonic, (saturated) .....	3.8
Oxalic, 0.1N .....	1.6	Hydrogen sulfide, 0.1N .....	4.1
Tartaric, 0.1N .....	2.2	Arsenious (saturated) .....	5.0
Malic, 0.1N .....	2.2	Hydrocyanic, 0.1N .....	5.1
Citric, 0.1N .....	2.2	Boric, 0.1N .....	5.2

#### BASES

Sodium hydroxide, N .....	14.0	Ammonia, N .....	11.6
Sodium hydroxide, 0.1N .....	13.0	Ammonia, 0.1N .....	11.1
Sodium hydroxide, 0.01N .....	12.0	Ammonia, 0.01N .....	10.6
Potassium hydroxide, N .....	14.0	Potassium cyanide, 0.1N .....	11.0
Potassium hydroxide, 0.1N .....	13.0	Magnesia (saturated) .....	10.5
Potassium hydroxide, 0.01N .....	12.0	Sodium sesquicarbonate, 0.1N .....	10.1
Sodium metasilicate, 0.1N .....	12.6	Ferrous hydroxide (saturated) .....	9.5
Lime (saturated) .....	12.4	Calcium carbonate (saturated) .....	9.4
Trisodium phosphate, 0.1N .....	12.0	Borax, 0.1N .....	9.2
Sodium carbonate, 0.1N .....	11.6	Sodium bicarbonate, 0.1N .....	8.4

#### BIOLOGIC MATERIALS

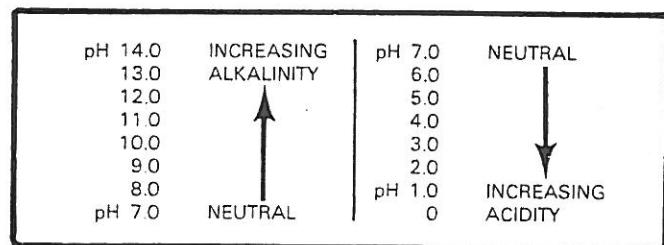
Blood, plasma, human .....	7.3-7.5	Duodenal contents, human .....	4.8-8.2
Spinal fluid, human .....	7.3-7.5	Feces, human .....	4.6-8.4
Blood whole, dog .....	6.9-7.2	Urine, human .....	4.8-8.4
Saliva, human .....	6.5-7.5	Milk, human .....	6.6-7.6
Gastric contents, human .....	1.0-3.0	Bile, human .....	6.8-7.0

TABLE ON pH VALUES CONTINUED

FOODS			
Apples .....	2.9-3.3	Milk, cows .....	6.3-6.6
Apricots .....	3.6-4.0	Olives .....	3.6-3.8
Asparagus .....	5.4-5.8	Oranges .....	3.0-4.0
Bananas .....	4.5-4.7	Oysters .....	6.1-6.6
Beans .....	5.0-6.0	Peaches .....	3.4-3.6
Beers .....	4.0-5.0	Pears .....	3.6-4.0
Blackberries .....	4.9-5.5	Peas .....	5.8-6.4
Bread, white .....	5.0-6.0	Pickles, sour .....	3.0-3.4
Beets .....	4.9-5.5	Pickles, dill .....	3.2-3.6
Butter .....	6.1-6.4	Pimento .....	4.6-5.2
Cabbage .....	5.2-5.4	Plums .....	2.8-3.0
Carrots .....	4.9-5.3	Potatoes .....	5.6-6.0
Cheese .....	4.8-6.4	Pumpkin .....	4.8-5.2
Cherries .....	3.2-4.0	Raspberries .....	3.2-3.6
Cider .....	2.9-3.3	Rhubarb .....	3.1-3.2
Corn .....	6.0-6.5	Salmon .....	6.1-6.3
Crackers .....	6.5-8.5	Sauerkraut .....	3.4-3.6
Dates .....	6.5-8.5	Shrimp .....	6.8-7.0
Eggs, fresh white .....	7.6-8.0	Soft drinks .....	2.0-4.0
Flour, wheat .....	5.5-6.5	Spinach .....	5.1-5.7
Gooseberries .....	2.8-3.0	Squash .....	5.0-5.4
Grapefruit .....	3.0-3.3	Strawberries .....	3.0-3.5
Grapes .....	3.5-4.5	Sweet potatoes .....	5.3-5.6
Hominy (lye) .....	6.8-8.0	Tomatoes .....	4.0-4.4
Jams, fruit .....	3.5-4.0	Tuna .....	5.9-6.1
Jellies, fruit .....	2.8-3.4	Turnips .....	5.2-5.6
Lemons .....	2.2-2.4	Vinegar .....	2.4-3.4
Limes .....	1.8-2.0	Water, drinking .....	6.5-8.0
Maple syrup .....	6.5-7.0	Wines .....	2.8-3.8

## pH FACTOR

The pH of a solution is a measurement of its hydrogen ion concentration and is indicative of its degree of acidity or alkalinity. Values of pH range from 0 to 14.0 with the middle of the range, 7.0, being neutral.



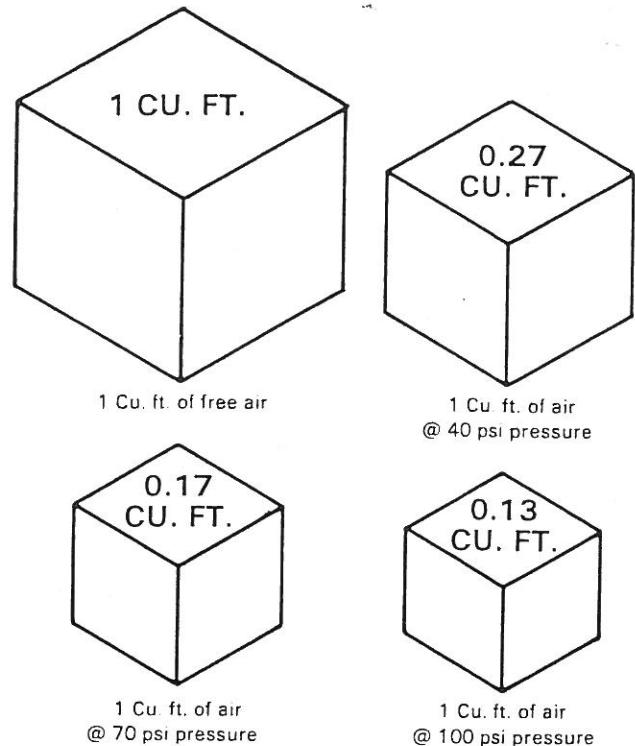
# COMPRESSED AIR DATA

When a pump uses 10 cfm at 100 psi, it is using 10 cubic feet per minute of free air that has been compressed to 2.46 cubic feet at 100 psi. The pump is then actually using 2.46 cubic feet at 100 psi, but the measurement of its consumption is on the basis of "free air" taken into the compressor of 10 cfm.

Compressed air is measured on the basis of the volume used per unit time (cubic feet per minute) at a given pressure (psi). The reference to volume of compressed air is always a measurement of air in its free state; i.e., atmospheric condition.

The description above illustrates the economical benefit of operating a pump at the lowest air pressure that will adequately meet the needs of pump output.

Compressed air is not unlike flowing fluids in that pressure is lost in transmission piping and hoses. The following chart aids in choosing piping and hose to minimize pressure drop in air lines.



## FRICTION OF AIR IN PIPES

Air pressure loss, psi in 100 ft. of clean commercial steel pipe.

CFM of Free Air	Nominal Pipe Diameter														
	1/2 Inch			3/4 Inch			1 Inch			1 1/4 Inches			1 1/2 Inches		
	80 lb.	100 lb.	125 lb.	80 lb.	100 lb.	125 lb.	80 lb.	100 lb.	125 lb.	80 lb.	100 lb.	125 lb.	80 lb.	100 lb.	125 lb.
10	.46	.38	.31	.11	.09	.08	.04	.03	.02	.0086	.0071	.0058			
20	1.74	1.42	1.17	.41	.34	.28	.13	.10	.08	.032	.026	.021	.014	.012	.010
30	3.84	3.13	2.54	.90	.74	.60	.28	.23	.19	.068	.056	.046	.031	.026	.021
40	6.93	5.55	4.53	1.55	1.28	1.05	.46	.38	.31	.116	.096	.079	.053	.044	.036
50	10.7	8.65	7.01	2.42	2.00	1.62	.73	.60	.49	.18	.146	.120	.081	.067	.055
60				3.47	2.84	2.33	1.02	.84	.69	.25	.21	.17	.12	.095	.070
70				4.73	3.85	3.14	1.36	1.12	.92	.34	.28	.23	.16	.13	.10
80				6.14	5.01	4.08	1.76	1.44	1.18	.44	.36	.30	.20	.16	.14
90				7.75	6.40	5.17	2.23	1.85	1.49	.55	.45	.37	.25	.20	.17
100				9.62	7.80	6.33	2.69	2.21	1.81	.66	.55	.45	.30	.25	.20
125				15.5	12.4	9.8	4.18	3.41	2.79	1.03	.85	.69	.46	.38	.32
150				23.0	18.1	14.4	5.75	4.91	3.99	1.47	1.20	.99	.65	.54	.44
175							8.10	6.80	5.45	2.00	1.64	1.32	.90	.73	.60
200							10.9	8.79	7.11	2.58	2.12	1.73	1.15	.95	.70
250										4.05	3.30	2.67	1.82	1.48	1.70

## COMPRESSED AIR DATA CONTINUED

## FRICTION OF AIR IN HOSE

(Including drop through standard hose fittings)

Air Flow Cubic Feet Per Minute	10' of 1/4" Hose	8' of 5/16" Hose	10' of 3/8" Hose	12 1/2' of 1/2" Hose	25' of 1/2" Hose	50' of 1/2" Hose	12 1/2' of 3/4" Hose	25' of 3/4" Hose	50' of 3/4" Hose	50' of 1/2" Hose + 10' of 1/4" Hose	50' of 1/2" Hose + 10' of 3/8" Hose	50' of 1/2" Hose + 8' of 5/16" Hose	50' of 1/2" Hose + 12 1/2' of 1/2" Hose	50' of 3/4" Hose + 25' of 1/2" Hose
	Pressure Drop — Pounds per Sq. In. — Based on 100 Pounds per Sq. In. Line Pressure													
10 to 11	5.0	.9								5.3	.7	1.4		
11 to 12	5.9	1.0								6.2	.8	1.6		
12 to 13	6.8	1.2	.4							7.2	.9	1.9		
13 to 14	8.0	1.4	.5							8.4	1.1	2.2		
14 to 15	9.3	1.6	.6							9.8	1.3	2.5		
15 to 16		1.9	.7								1.5	2.9		
16 to 18		2.4	.8								1.9	3.5	1.7	
18 to 20		3.0	1.0								2.4	4.5	2.0	
20 to 25		4.3	1.4	.7	1.0	1.3					3.5	6.4	2.6	1.3
25 to 30		6.6	2.1	1.0	1.5	2.3					5.2	9.8	3.8	1.9
30 to 35		9.5	3.1	1.3	2.1	3.6					7.3		5.3	2.6
35 to 40			4.2	1.7	2.8	5.2					9.6		7.1	3.5
40 to 50			6.3	2.4	4.1	8.0							5.2	1.8
50 to 60			9.6	3.7	6.3								7.8	2.3
60 to 70			5.3	9.0			.9	1.4	1.9					3.0
70 to 80				7.1			1.1	1.7	2.5					3.7
80 to 90				9.0			1.4	2.2	3.2					4.6
90 to 100							1.7	2.7	4.0					5.0
100 to 120							2.3	3.5	5.6					7.9
120 to 140							3.2	4.8	8.0					
140 to 160							4.3	6.6						
160 to 180							5.6	8.7						
180 to 200							7.2							

## IRON PIPE AND STEEL TUBING DATA

Standard iron pipe is designated by its nominal inside diameter, namely, 1/8", 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1 1/4", 1 1/2", 2", 2 1/2", 3", etc. While errors in the early manufacture of pipe have caused inconsistencies in the smaller pipe inside diameters, the size designations have still been retained.

Three weights of pipe; standard, extra heavy, and double extra heavy are in common use and all three have the same outside diameter. The added wall thickness for the

heavier pipe therefore reduces the inside diameter. Cast steel fittings are recommended for extra heavy pipe and forged steel fittings for double extra heavy pipe.

Steel tubing is designated by its outside diameter and its wall thickness. While it is available in a wide range of sizes, 3/8", 1/2", 5/8", 7/8" and 1" O.D., tubes are quite commonly used as fluid lines. Choice of wall thickness is practically unlimited and is governed by the working pressures encountered.

### HYDRAULIC TUBING

When Power Pack is located within 100 feet from pumps, the following tubing sizes will be adequate:

Hydraulic Power Supply Flow Rate	Supply Tubing Requirements	Return Tubing Requirements
0-12 GPM	3/4" x .065" Wall	1" x .083" Wall
12-20 GPM	1" x .083" Wall	1 1/4" x .109" Wall
20-30 GPM	1 1/8" x .095" Wall	1 1/2" x .120" Wall
30-40 GPM	1 1/4" x .109" Wall	1 3/4" x .155" Wall
40-50 GPM	1 1/2" x .120" Wall	2" x .190" Wall

NOTE: When power supply is located within 100' - 200' of pumps, use one size larger tubing.

### STEEL TUBING—MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURES (P.S.I.)

O.D.	WALL THICKNESS													
	.025"	.028"	.032"	.035"	.042"	.049"	.058"	.065"	.072"	.083"	.095"	.109"	.125"	
1/8"	6000	6700	7680	8430	9920	11750	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
3/16"	4000	4470	5100	5610	6750	7850	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
1/4"	2980	3350	3830	4200	5040	5890	7000	7850	x	x	x	x	x	x
5/16"	2410	2690	3080	3370	4040	4710	5610	6290	6950	8010	x	x	x	x
3/8"	1990	2240	2560	2800	3360	3920	4660	5240	5790	6660	7640	8720	9990	
13/32"	1845	2070	2360	2585	3100	3620	4285	4800	5320	6130	7015	8050	9235*	
7/16"	1715	1920	2190	2400	2880	3360	4000	4500	4960	5720	6550	7490	8580	
1/2"	1490	1675	1920	2100	2520	2940	3500	3925	4340	5000	5720	6540	7500	
9/16"	1330	1490	1705	1870	2240	2620	3110	3490	3860	4450	5090	5810	6660	
5/8"	1200	1340	1535	1680	2020	2350	2800	3140	3470	4000	4580	5230	6000	
11/16"	1090	1220	1395	1530	1830	2135	2530	2835	3140	3620	4145	4755	5455	
3/4"	1000	1120	1280	1400	1640	1960	2320	2600	2880	3320	3800	4360	5000	
7/8"	860	960	1090	1200	1440	1680	1985	2225	2465	2845	3255	3740	4285	
1"	750	840	960	1050	1260	1470	1740	1950	2160	2490	2850	3270	3750	
1 1/8"	665	747	854	935	1120	1310	1545	1735	1920	2215	2535	2910	3330	

Note: The values above are based on an allowable fibre stress of 15,000 psi. For approximate bursting pressures, multiply these factors of 3.3.

**IRON PIPE AND STEEL TUBING DATA CONTINUED**  
**STANDARD PIPE DATA (Schedule 40)**

NOMINAL DIAMETER (INCHES)	1/8	1/4	3/8	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
ACTUAL OUTSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.405	0.540	0.675	0.840	1.050	1.315	1.660	1.90	2.375	2.875	3.5
ACTUAL INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.269	0.364	0.493	0.622	0.824	1.049	1.380	1.61	2.067	2.469	3.068
INSIDE AREA (Square Inches)	0.06	0.10	0.19	0.30	0.53	0.86	1.49	2.04	3.36	4.79	7.39
WORKING PRESSURE* (P.S.I.)	2820	2172	1797	1731	1434	1348	1124	1017	864	940	822
U.S. GALLONS IN ONE LINEAL FOOT	0.003	0.005	0.010	0.016	0.028	0.045	0.077	0.106	0.174	0.248	0.383
FEET OF PIPE CONTAINING ONE U.S.GALLON	333.7	185.1	100.8	63.33	36.12	22.21	12.87	9.45	5.74	4.02	2.59
WEIGHT PER FOOT (Pounds)	0.244	0.424	0.567	0.850	1.13	1.68	2.27	2.72	3.65	5.79	7.58

**EXTRA HEAVY PIPE DATA (Schedule 80)**

\*Reference pressure rating—6:1 safety factor

NOMINAL DIAMETER (INCHES)	1/8	1/4	3/8	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
ACTUAL OUTSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.405	0.540	0.675	0.840	1.050	1.315	1.660	1.90	2.375	2.875	3.5
ACTUAL INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.215	0.302	0.423	0.546	0.742	0.957	1.278	1.500	1.939	2.323	2.90
INSIDE AREA (Square Inches)	0.036	0.071	0.141	0.231	0.425	0.710	1.28	1.75	3.0	4.24	6.6
WORKING PRESSURE* (P.S.I.)	3977	2937	2488	2333	1954	1814	1533	1403	1222	1280	1142
U.S. GALLONS IN ONE LINEAL FOOT	0.0018	0.0037	0.008	0.012	0.022	0.0375	0.0675	0.09	0.15	0.225	0.345
FEET OF PIPE CONTAINING ONE U.S.GALLON	534.7	266.5	133.3	82.0	44.4	26.6	14.8	11.1	6.66	4.40	2.90
WEIGHT PER FOOT (Pounds)	0.314	0.538	0.738	1.09	1.47	2.2	3.0	3.6	5.0	7.7	10.25

**DOUBLE EXTRA HEAVY PIPE DATA**

\*Reference pressure rating—6:1 safety factor

NOMINAL DIAMETER (INCHES)	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3
ACTUAL OUTSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.840	1.050	1.315	1.660	1.90	2.375	2.875	3.5
ACTUAL INSIDE DIAMETER (Inches)	0.252	0.434	0.599	0.896	1.10	1.50	1.77	2.30
INSIDE AREA (Square Inches)	0.050	0.148	0.282	0.630	0.950	1.77	2.46	4.15
WORKING PRESSURE* (P.S.I.)	4666	3910	3629	3068	2807	2560	2446	2285
U.S. GALLONS IN ONE LINEAL FOOT	0.0026	0.0075	0.015	0.033	0.049	0.092	0.127	0.216
FEET OF PIPE CONTAINING ONE U.S.GALLON	381.8	133.2	66.6	30.3	20.2	10.8	7.84	4.53
WEIGHT PER FOOT (Pounds)	1.71	2.44	3.66	5.21	6.40	9.03	13.7	18.6

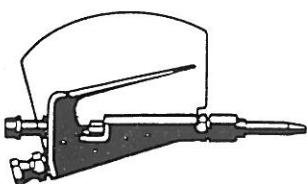
## COVERAGE PER GALLON FOR VARIOUS FILM THICKNESSES, RIBBON AND BEAD SIZES



Wet Film Thickness	Gals./1000 Square Ft.	Square Ft. /Per Gal.
1"	630	1.6
3/4"	490	2.0
1/2"	315	3.0
7/16"	290	3.5
3/8"	240	4.0
5/16"	200	5.0
1/4"	160	6.0
3/16"	125	8.0
5/32"	100	10.0
1/8"	80	12.0
3/32"	63	16.0
1/16"	40	25.0
.060" (60 mils)	40	26.0
1/32"	20	50.0
.030" (30 mils)	20	52.0
.015" (15 mils)	10	170.0
.010" (10 mils)	6.5	160.0
.005" ( 5 mils)	3.1	320.0
.003" ( 3 mils)	1.5	533.0
.001" ( 1 mil)	2/3	1600.0



Ribbon Size	Gals./1000 Lineal Ft.	Lineal Ft. Per Gal.
1/1000" x 1"	0.05	19200
10/1000" x 1"	0.50	1920
30/1000" x 1"	1.60	625
60/1000" x 1"	3.20	312
1/64" x 1"	.80	1200
1/32" x 1"	1.70	600
1/16" x 1"	3.30	300
1/8" x 1"	6.50	150
1/4" x 1"	13.00	75
1/2" x 1"	26.00	37

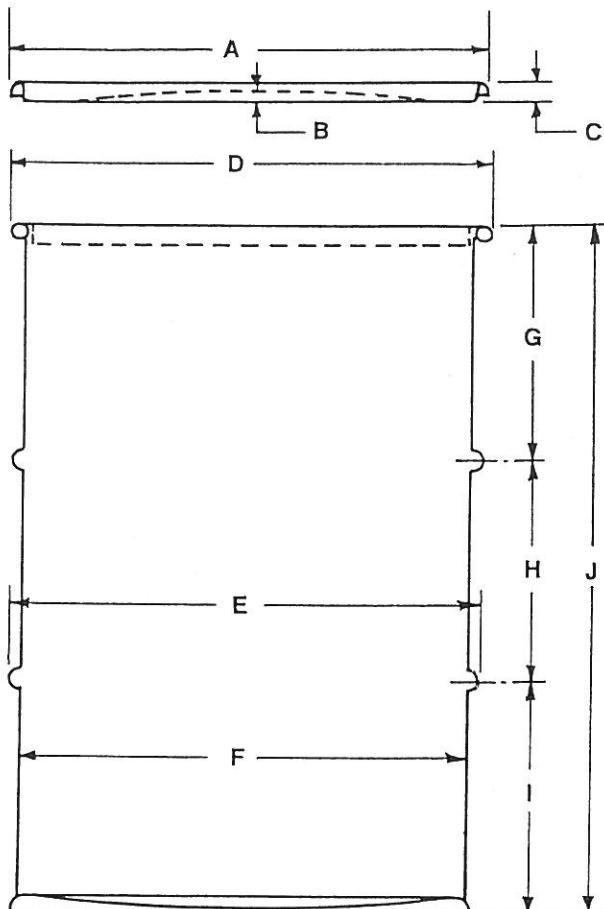


Bead Size (Dia.)	Gals./1000 Lineal Ft.	Lineal Ft. Per Gal.
1/16"	0.16	6000
3/32"	0.36	2700
1/8"	0.64	1500
3/16"	1.44	675
1/4"	2.55	375
5/16"	3.98	240
3/8"	5.74	165
1/2"	10.20	95
5/8"	15.92	50
3/4"	22.95	35
1"	40.80	19



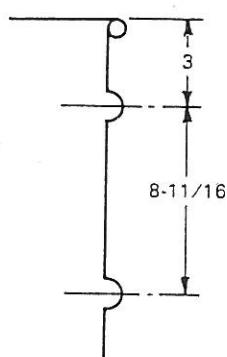
## DRUM SPECIFICATIONS

Excerpts from American Standards Association, Inc., Specifications for Metal Drums and Pails, MH 2.1-1959 through MH 2.10-1959; MH 2.11-1960 through MH 2.14-1960. Sponsor — Steel Shipping Container Institute.



FULL REMOVABLE HEAD  
UNIVERSAL DRUMS

\*Canadian 220 liter drum I.D. is 22-1/2".



Detail of configuration for three-rolling hoop  
55-gal. drum.

Size	Imperial Size	Volume (gal. U.S.)	Body Material	Dimensions (inches)									
				A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
55-gal. (U.S.)	45-gal.	57.2-57.75	Steel 18 gage	23 11/16		7/8	23 1/2	23 17/32	22 1/2	11 7/8	11	11 7/8	34 3/4
55-gal. <sup>1</sup> (U.S.)	45-gal	59.28-59.85	Steel 18 gage	23 11/16		7/8	23 1/2	23 27/32	22 1/2	12 1/2	11	12 1/2	36
55-gal. (U.S.)	45-gal	57.2-57.75	Steel 18 gage	23 11/16	3/8	7/8	23 1/2	23 27/32	22 1/2		11	11 11/16	34 3/8
30-gal (U.S.)	25-gal	31.2-31.45	Steel 18 gage	19 7/16	3/8	7/8	19 1/4	19 19/32	18 1/4	8 7/8	11	8 7/8	28 3/4
30-gal (U.S.)	25-gal	31.2-31.45	Steel 19 gage	19 7/16		7/8	19 1/4	19 19/32	18 1/4	8 7/8	11	8 7/8	28 3/4
16-gal. (U.S.)		16	Steel 20 gage	14 3/4		5/8	14 9/16	14 7/8	13 15/16	7 5/8	11	8	26 5/8
16-gal. <sup>2</sup> (U.S.)		16.64-16.89	Steel 20 gage	14 3/4	Lug Cover	14 9/16	14 7/8	13 15/16	7 5/8	11	8	26 5/8	

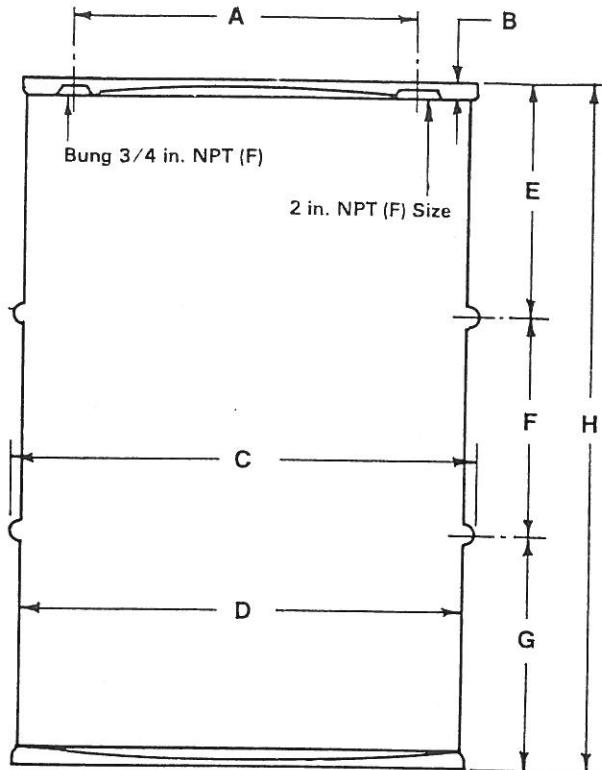
\*See inset for special dimensions  
14

<sup>1</sup>also 400-lb. edible fats drum

<sup>2</sup>also 120-lb. grease drum

DRUM SPECIFICATIONS CONTINUED

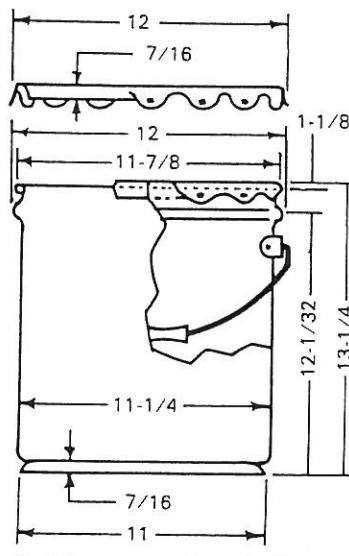
TIGHT HEAD UNIVERSAL DRUMS  
(NON-REMOVEABLE COVER)



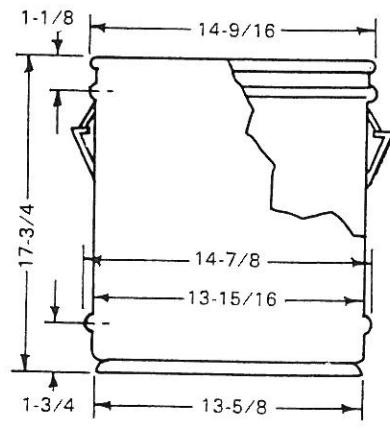
Size	Imperial Size	Volume (gal. U.S.)	Body Material	Dimensions (inches).							
				A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
55-gal. (U.S.)	45-gal.	57.2-57.75	Steel 18 gage	17 1/4- 17 3/4	3/4	23 7/16	22 1/2	11 7/8	11	11 7/8	34 3/4
55-gal. (U.S.)	45-gal.	57.2-57.75	Steel 16 gage	17 1/4- 17 3/4	7/8	23 7/16	22 1/2	12 1/32	11	12 1/32	35 1/16
55-gal. (U.S.)	45-gal.	57.2-57.75	Steel 16 gage	17 1/4- 17 3/4	3/4	23 7/16	22 1/2	11 29/32	11	11 29/32	34 13/16
30-gal. (U.S.)	25-gal.	31.2-31.5	Steel 19 gage	13- 13 1/2	3/4	19 3/16	18 1/4	8 15/16	11	8 15/16	28 7/8
16-gal. (U.S.)		16.64-16.89	Steel 20 gage	9- 9 3/8		14 7/8	13 15/16	7 7/8	11	8	26 7/8

5 AND 10-GALLON  
UNIVERSAL PAILS

Size	Volume (gals. U.S.)	Body Material
5-gal (U.S.) Lug Cover	5.2-5.45	Steel 24 gage
10-gal. (U.S.) Open Head		Steel 22 gage



5-gal., lug cover, universal pail



10-gal., open head, drop handle pail



## FILTRATION

### WHAT IS FILTRATION?

In a hydraulic system filtration is the removal of contaminants from the fluid. The better the filtration, the longer the component life.

In general, the filter that removes the most contaminants is the best filter. The degree of filtration is usually expressed in terms of the size (in microns) of the smallest particle that will not pass through the filter.

In a hydraulic system, a 25 micron filter is adequate. A 10 micron filter is better. A 5 micron filter is better than a 10 micron. A 2 micron filter is better than a 5 micron filter.

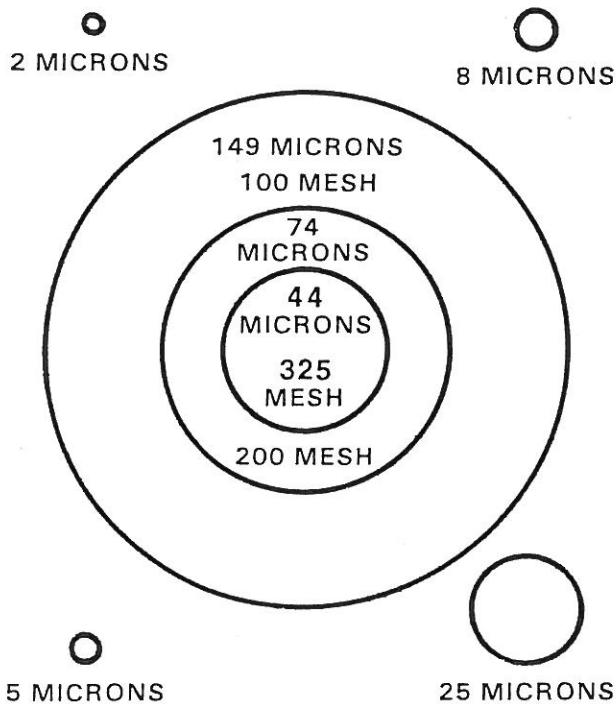
Selection of the ideal filter size depends not only on degree of filtration but also on the cost of filtration. Fine filtration requires almost constant maintenance. It also causes excessive pressure drops which contribute to inefficiencies in the system. When deciding which filter is most ideal for the Graco type of hydraulic system, all these factors were considered.

The result was the inclusion of a 10 micron element with

each return line filter supplied as part of a hydraulic power supply. The 10 micron filter optimizes filtration and efficiency while it minimizes maintenance costs.

This filter is located in the return line. It has a W.P. Of 300 P.S.I. and shall never be placed in any part of the system where it can be subjected to greater pressures; e.g., upstream side of return line ball valve. Important note: *No valving shall ever be located on the down-stream side of the return line filter.* By locating this filter in the return line, we can be assured that any contaminants remaining in the tubing after installation shall never reach the vane pump. The return line filter also eliminates the need for high cost-high pressure filters in the supply line.

### RELATIVE SIZE OF MICRONIC PARTICLES MAGNIFICATION 500 TIMES



#### RELATIVE SIZES

Lower Limit of Visibility (Naked Eye) .....	40 Microns
White Blood Cells .....	25 Microns
Red Blood Cells .....	8 Microns
Bacteria (Cocci) .....	2 Microns

#### LINEAR EQUIVALENTS

1 Inch .....	25.4 Millimeters .....	25,400 Microns
1 Millimeter .....	.0394 Inches .....	1,000 Microns
1 Micron ...	25,4000 of an Inch ...	.001 Millimeters
1 Micron .....	$3.94 \times 10^5$ .....	.000039 Inches

#### SCREEN SIZES

Meshes Per Linear Inch	U.S. Sieve No.	Opening In Inches	Opening In Microns
52.36 .....	50	.0117 .....	297
72.45 .....	70	.0083 .....	210
101.01 .....	100	.0059 .....	149
142.86 .....	140	.0041 .....	105
200.00 .....	200	.0029 .....	74
270.26 .....	270	.0021 .....	53
323.00 .....	325	.0017 .....	44
		.00039 .....	10
		.000019 .....	.5

## FILTRATION CONTINUED

## WIRE SCREEN DATA FOR FILTERS

MESH	MICRON	OPENING INCHES	WIRE DIA. INCHES	OPEN AREA
5	3000	.159	.041	36%
7-1/2	1980	.079	.054	35%
10	1480	.075	.025	35%
16	975	.045	.018	34%
20	750	.035	.015	36%
30	500	.022	.011	35%
40	375	.015	.010	36%
50	300	.011	.009	36%
60	238	.010	.0065	30.5%
80	175	.007	—	—
100	149	.006	.0045	30.3%
140	100	.004	—	—
200	74	.0029	.0021	29.2%
250	60	.0024	.0016	36%
270	50	.0021	.0016	32.1%
325	40	.0017	.0014	30.5%
400	35	.0015	—	—

# GENERAL CONVERSION DATA



## MISCELLANEOUS CONVERSION FACTORS

TO CONVERT FROM	TO	MULTIPLY BY
Centimeters .....	feet	.03280
Centimeters .....	inches	.3937
Centimeters/min. ....	feet/min.	1.9684
Centimeters/sec. ....	feet/sec.	.03281
Cubic centimeters .....	cu. ft.	$3.5314 \times 10^{-5}$
Cubic centimeters .....	cu. in.	.06102
Cubic centimeters .....	gallons (liq.)	.0002642
Cubic feet .....	gallons (liq.)	7.4805
Cubic feet .....	cubic in.	1728
Cubic feet/min. ....	g.p.m.	7.4805
Cubic inches .....	gallons	.004329
Cubic inches .....	cubic cm.	16.387
Cubic inches .....	cubic ft.	.0005787
Cubic meters .....	gallons (liq.)	264.17
Cubic meters .....	cu. cm.	$1 \times 10^6$
Cubic meters .....	cu. ft.	35.31
Cubic meters .....	cu. in.	61,023.38
Feet .....	centimeters	30.48006
Feet .....	meters	.3048006
Feet of water .....	atmosphere	.02949
Feet of water .....	psi	.433
Feet/hr .....	miles/hour	.00018933
Feet/min. ....	meters/min.	.3048
Feet/min. ....	miles/hour	.01136
Feet/second .....	miles per hour	.681818
Gallons .....	cubic cm.	3,785.43
Gallons .....	cubic in.	231
Gallons .....	gallon (Imp.)	.83268
Gallons .....	cu. ft.	.13368
Gallons/min. ....	cu. ft./min.	.13368
Inches .....	feet	.083333
Inches .....	meters	.0254
Inches .....	millimeters	25.40005
Inches .....	mils	1000
Kilograms .....	pounds	2.2046
Kilograms/sq. cm. ....	psi	14.2233
Kilograms/sq. mm. ....	psi	1422.33
Liters .....	gallons	.264178
Meters .....	feet	3.2808
Meters .....	inches	39.37
Poise .....	centipoise	100.0
Pounds water .....	gallons	.11985
PSI .....	atmospheres (bar)	.06804
Square inches .....	sq. cm.	6.4516
Square inches .....	sq. ft.	.006944
Square inches .....	sq. mm.	645.163
Square millimeters .....	sq. in.	.0015499

To find diameter of a circle, multiply circumference by .31831.

To find circumference of a circle, multiply diameter by 3.1416.

To find area of a circle, multiply square of diameter by .7854.

To find surface of a sphere, multiply square of diameter by 3.1416.

To find side of an equal square, multiply diameter by .8862.

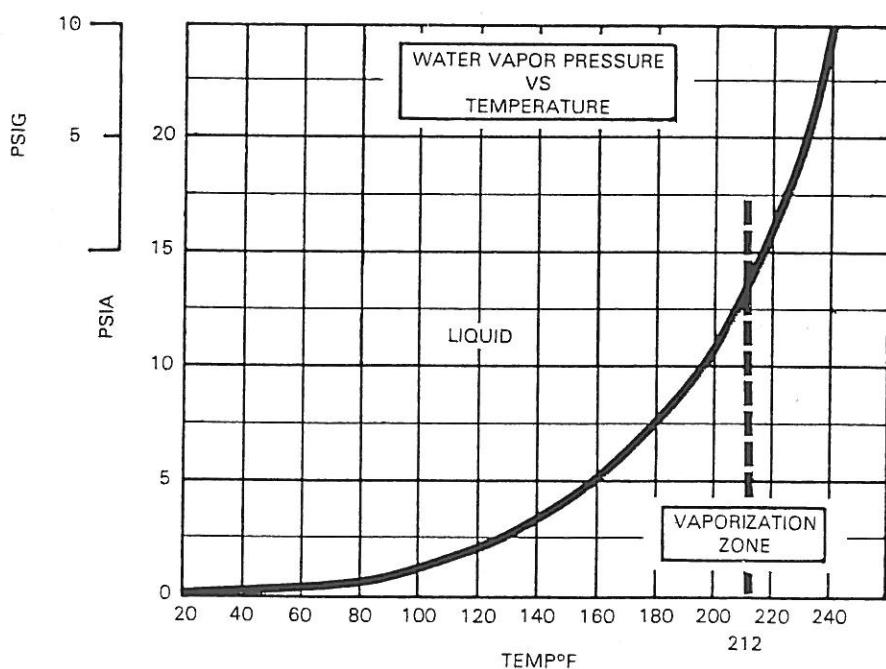
To find cubic inches in a sphere, multiply cube of diameter by .5236.

To find how many gallons are contained in a pipe or cylinder, divide the cubic contents by 231.

To find the cubic contents of a cylinder or pipe, multiply the area by the height or depth.

## GENERAL CONVERSION DATA CONTINUED

AVERAGE ABSOLUTE ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE			METRIC PREFIXES	TEMPERATURE
Altitude Above Sea Level	PSIA	IN Hg	Mega = 1,000,000	$(1.8 \times ^\circ C) + 32 = ^\circ F$
0	14.7	29.9	Kilo = 1,000	.555 ( $^\circ F - 32$ ) = $^\circ C$
500	14.4	29.4	Hecto = 100	Degrees Kelvin - 273.2 = Degrees Centigrade
1,000	14.2	28.9	Deca = 10	
1,500	13.9	28.3	Deci = .1	
2,000	13.7	27.8	Centi = .01	
3,000	13.2	26.8	Milli = .001	
4,000	12.7	25.9	Micro = .000,001	
5,000	12.2	24.9		
6,000	11.7	24.0		
7,000	13.3	23.1		
FLOW			MISC.	
Lbs of Water/Hr x .002	= Gal Min		Heat of Fusion Water = 144 BTU/Lb	
Gal/Min x 500	= Lbs of Water/Hr		Heat of Vaporization of Water = 970 BTU/Lb	
Lbs of Fluid/Hr	x .002 = Gal Min			
Specific Gravity				
Liter Min x .264	= Gal/Min (US)			
GPM x 3.785	= Liters/Min			
Cu Meters/Hr x 4.4	= Gal/Min (US)			
Gal/Min x 227	= C Meters/Hr			
Kg of Water/Min x .264	= Gal/Min (US)			
Gal Min x 3.8	= Kg of Water/Min			
POWER			VISCOSITY CONVERSION (APPROX)	
			Absolute Viscosity (Centipoise) = Kinematic Specific Gravity	Viscosity (Centistokes)
HP =	5250	63025	SSU x 0.216	=
			Saybolt Furol x 2.16	=
HP = Disp (Gals) x RPM x PSI		1714 x EFF	Redwood Std x .237	=
			Redwood Admiralty x 2.34	=
Horsepower x .746	= Kilowatts		Engler-Degrees x 7.45	= Centistokes
Horsepower x 42.44	= BTU/Min		Ford Cup #4 x 3.76	=
Metric Horsepower x .9863	= Horsepower		MacMichael x .415	=
			Stormer x 2.81	=
LENGTH			VOLUME	
Mils x .001	= Inches		Lbs Water x .119	= Gal
Meters x 3.281	= Feet		Gal (Brit) x 1.2	= Gal (US)
Centimeters x .394	= Inches		Gal x 128	= Fluid Ounces
Millimeters x .0394	= Inches		Cubic Ft x 7.48	= Gal
Microns x .0000394	= Inches		Cubic In x .00433	= Gal
MASS			Gal x 3.785	= Liters
Gal of Water x 8.336	= Lbs		Liter x .264	= Gal
Cubic Ft of Water x 62.4	= Lbs		Cubic Meters x 264.2	= Gallons
Ounces x .0625	= Lbs		Cubic Meter x 1000	= Liter
Kilograms x 2.2	= Lbs		Liters x 1000	= Cubic Centimeters
Lbs x .454	= Kilograms		Cubic Centimeters x .0338	= Fluid Ounces
Metric Ton x 2205	= Lbs		Fluid Ounces x 29.57	= Cubic Centimeters





## MILLIMETER-INCH EQUIVALENTS

MM	Inches	MM	Inches	MM	Inches
1	0.0394	1/32	51	2.0079	2 1/16
2	0.0787	3/32	52	2.0472	2 3/32
3	0.1181	1/8	53	2.0866	2 5/32
4	0.1575	5/32	54	2.1260	2 7/32
5	0.1969	3/16	55	2.1654	2 9/32
6	0.2362	1/4	56	2.2047	2 11/16
7	0.2756	9/32	57	2.2441	2 13/32
8	0.3150	5/16	58	2.2835	2 15/32
9	0.3543	11/32	59	2.3228	2 17/32
10	0.3937	13/32	60	2.3622	2 19/32
11	0.4331	7/16	61	2.4016	2 21/32
12	0.4724	15/32	62	2.4409	2 23/32
13	0.5118	1/2	63	2.4803	2 15/32
14	0.5512	9/16	64	2.5197	2 17/32
15	0.5906	19/32	65	2.5591	2 9/16
16	0.6299	5/8	66	2.5984	2 19/32
17	0.6693	21/32	67	2.6378	2 5/8
18	0.7087	23/32	68	2.6772	2 11/16
19	0.7480	3/4	69	2.7165	2 23/32
20	0.7874	25/32	70	2.7559	2 3/4
21	0.8268	13/16	71	2.7953	2 25/32
22	0.8661	7/8	72	2.8346	2 27/32
23	0.9055	29/32	73	2.8740	2 7/8
24	0.9449	15/16	74	2.9134	2 29/32
25	0.9843	31/32	75	2.9528	2 15/16
26	1.0236	1 1/32	76	2.9921	3
27	1.0630	1 1/16	77	3.0315	3 1/32
28	1.1024	1 3/32	78	3.0709	3 1/16
29	1.1417	1 5/32	79	3.1102	3 1/8
30	1.1811	1 3/16	80	3.1496	3 5/32
31	1.2205	1 7/32	81	3.1890	3 3/16
32	1.2598	1 1/4	82	3.2283	3 7/32
33	1.2992	1 5/16	83	3.2677	3 9/32
34	1.3386	1 11/32	84	3.3071	3 5/16
35	1.3780	1 3/8	85	3.3465	3 11/32
36	1.4173	1 13/32	86	3.3858	3 3/8
37	1.4567	1 15/32	87	3.4252	3 7/16
38	1.4961	1 1/2	88	3.4646	3 15/32
39	1.5354	1 17/32	89	3.5039	3 1/2
40	1.5748	1 9/16	90	3.5433	3 17/32
41	1.6142	1 5/8	91	3.5827	3 19/32
42	1.6535	1 21/32	92	3.6220	3 5/8
43	1.6929	1 11/16	93	3.6614	3 21/32
44	1.7323	1 23/32	94	3.7008	3 11/16
45	1.7717	1 25/32	95	3.7402	3 3/4
46	1.8110	1 13/16	96	3.7795	3 25/32
47	1.8504	1 27/32	97	3.8189	3 13/16
48	1.8898	1 7/8	98	3.8583	3 27/32
49	1.9291	1 15/16	99	3.8976	3 29/32
50	1.9685	1 31/32	100	3.9370	3 15/16

GENERAL CONVERSION DATA CONTINUED

MM	Inches	MM	Inches	MM	Inches
151	5.9449	5 15/16	201	7.9134	7 29/32
152	5.9843	5 31/32	202	7.9528	7 15/16
153	6.0236	6 1/32	203	7.9921	8
154	6.0630	6 1/16	204	8.0315	8 1/32
155	6.1024	6 3/32	205	8.0709	8 1/16
156	6.1417	6 5/32	206	8.1102	8 1/8
157	6.1811	6 3/16	207	8.1496	8 5/32
158	6.2205	6 7/32	208	8.1890	8 3/16
159	6.2598	6 1/4	209	8.2283	8 7/32
160	6.2992	6 5/16	210	8.2677	8 9/32
161	6.3386	6 11/32	211	8.3071	8 5/16
162	6.3780	6 3/8	212	8.3465	8 11/32
163	6.4173	6 13/32	213	8.3858	8 3/8
164	6.4567	6 15/32	214	8.4252	8 7/16
165	6.4961	6 1/2	215	8.4646	8 15/32
166	6.5354	6 17/32	216	8.5039	8 1/2
167	6.5748	6 9/16	217	8.5433	8 17/32
168	6.6142	6 5/8	218	8.5827	8 19/32
169	6.6535	6 21/32	219	8.6220	8 5/8
170	6.6929	6 11/16	220	8.6614	8 21/32
171	6.7323	6 23/32	221	8.7008	8 11/16
172	6.7717	6 25/32	222	8.7402	8 3/4
173	6.8110	6 13/16	223	8.7795	8 25/32
174	6.8504	6 27/32	224	8.8189	8 13/16
175	6.8898	6 7/8	225	8.8583	8 27/32
176	6.9291	6 15/16	226	8.8976	8 29/32
177	6.9685	6 31/32	227	8.9370	8 15/16
178	7.0079	7	228	8.9764	8 31/32
179	7.0472	7 1/16	229	9.0157	9 1/32
180	7.0866	7 3/32	230	9.0551	9 1/16
181	7.1260	7 1/8	231	9.0945	9 3/32
182	7.1654	7 5/32	232	9.1339	9 1/8
183	7.2047	7 7/32	233	9.1732	9 3/16
184	7.2441	7 1/4	234	9.2126	9 7/32
185	7.2835	7 9/32	235	9.2520	9 1/4
186	7.3228	7 5/16	236	9.2913	9 9/32
187	7.3622	7 3/8	237	9.3307	9 11/32
188	7.4016	7 13/32	238	9.3701	9 3/8
189	7.4409	7 7/16	239	9.4094	9 13/32
190	7.4803	7 15/32	240	9.4488	9 7/16
191	7.5197	7 17/32	241	9.4882	9 1/2
192	7.5591	7 9/16	242	9.5276	9 17/32
193	7.5984	7 19/32	243	9.5669	9 9/16
194	7.6378	7 5/8	244	9.6063	9 19/32
195	7.6772	7 11/16	245	9.6457	9 21/32
196	7.7165	7 23/32	246	9.6850	9 11/16
197	7.7559	7 3/4	247	9.7244	9 23/32
198	7.7953	7 25/32	248	9.7638	9 3/4
199	7.8346	7 27/32	249	9.8031	9 13/16
200	7.8740	7 7/8	250	9.8425	9 27/32
					300 11.8110 11 13/16

GENERAL CONVERSION DATA CONTINUED



Fahr.	Centi.	Fahr.	Centi.	Fahr.	Centi.
-20	-28.9	88	31.1	196	91.1
-18	-27.8	90	32.2	198	92.2
-16	-26.7	92	33.3	200	93.3
-14	-25.6	94	34.4	202	94.4
-12	-24.4	96	35.6	204	95.6
-10	-23.3	98	36.7	206	96.7
-8	-22.2	100	37.8	208	97.8
-6	-21.1	102	38.9	210	98.9
-4	-20.	104	40.	212	100.
-2	-18.9	106	41.1	214	101.1
0	-17.8	108	42.2	216	102.2
2	-16.7	110	43.3	218	103.3
4	-15.6	112	44.4	220	104.4
6	-14.4	114	45.6	222	105.6
8	-13.3	116	46.7	224	106.7
10	-12.2	118	47.8	226	107.8
12	-11.1	120	48.9	228	108.9
14	-10.	122	50.	230	110.
16	-8.9	124	51.1	232	111.1
18	-7.8	126	52.2	234	112.2
20	-6.7	128	53.3	236	113.3
22	-5.6	130	54.4	238	114.4
24	-4.4	132	55.6	240	115.6
26	-3.3	134	56.7	242	116.7
28	-2.2	136	57.8	244	117.8
30	-1.1	138	58.9	246	118.9
32	0.	140	60.	248	120.
34	1.1	142	61.1	250	121.1
36	2.2	144	62.2	252	122.2
38	3.3	146	63.3	254	123.3
40	4.4	148	64.4	256	124.4
42	5.6	150	65.6	258	125.6
44	6.7	152	66.7	260	126.7
46	7.8	154	67.8	262	127.8
48	8.9	156	68.9	264	128.9
50	10.	158	70.	266	130.
52	11.1	160	71.1	268	131.1
54	12.2	162	72.2	270	132.2
56	13.3	164	73.3	272	133.3
58	14.4	166	74.4	274	134.4
60	15.6	168	75.6	276	135.6
62	16.7	170	76.7	278	136.7
64	17.8	172	77.8	280	137.8
66	18.9	174	78.9	282	138.9
68	20.	176	80.	284	140.
70	21.1	178	81.1	286	141.1
72	22.2	180	82.2	288	142.2
74	23.3	182	83.3	290	143.3
76	24.4	184	84.4	292	144.4
78	25.6	186	85.6	294	145.6
80	26.7	188	86.7	296	146.7
82	27.8	190	87.8	298	147.8
84	28.9	192	88.9	300	148.9
86	30.	194	90.		

### FAHRENHEIT-CENTIGRADE CONVERSION TABLE

### DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS

1/64	.0156	33/64	.5156
1/32	.0312	17/32	.5312
3/64	.0468	35/64	.5468
1/16	.0625	9/16	.5625
5/64	.0781	37/64	.5781
3/32	.0937	19/32	.5937
7/64	.1093	39/64	.6093
1/8	.125	5/8	.625
9/64	.1406	41/64	.6406
5/32	.1562	21/32	.6562
11/64	.1718	43/64	.6718
3/16	.1875	11/16	.6875
13/64	.2031	45/64	.7031
7/32	.2187	23/32	.7187
15/64	.2343	47/64	.7343
1/4	.250	3/4	.750
17/64	.2656	49/64	.7656
9/32	.2812	25/32	.7812
19/64	.2968	51/64	.7968
5/16	.3125	13/16	.8125
21/64	.3281	53/64	.8281
11/32	.3437	27/32	.8437
23/64	.3593	55/64	.8593
3/8	.375	7/8	.875
25/64	.3906	57/64	.8906
13/32	.4062	29/32	.9062
27/64	.4218	59/64	.9218
7/16	.4375	15/16	.9375
29/64	.4531	61/64	.9531
15/32	.4687	31/32	.9687
31/64	.4843	63/64	.9843
1/2	.500	1	1.

GENERAL CONVERSION DATA CONTINUED

**COMPARATIVE EQUIVALENTS OF  
LIQUID MEASURES AND WEIGHTS**

Measures and Weights for Comparison	MEASURE AND WEIGHT EQUIVALENTS OF ITEMS IN FIRST COLUMN						
	U.S. Gallon	Imperial Gallon	Cubic Inch	Cubic Foot	Cubic Meter	Liter	Pound
U.S. Gallon	1.	.83	231.	.13	.004	3.79	8.33
Imperial Gallon	1.20	1.	277.27	.16	.005	4.54	10.
Cubic Inch	.004	.004	1.	.00057	.000016	.02	.036
Cubic Foot	7.48	6.24	1728.	1.	.028	28.31	62.36
Cubic Meter	264.17	220.05	61023.	35.32	1.	1000.	2200.54
Liter	.26	.22	61.023	.04	.001	1.	2.20
Pound	.12	.1	27.72	.016	.00045	.45	1.

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Fax 612-623-6580

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Locate authorized distributors

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